

VFTLM-05: 4 DAYS LUANG PRABANG – PAK OU CAVE – KUANGSI WATER FALL Muslim Package

Valid Till: 31 Dec 17

Highlight of sightseeing:

- **Wat Sisaket:** is one of the most important temples in Laos and known as the only temple that survived the Siamese occupation that destroyed Vientiane in 1828. It was restored in 1924 and subsequently in 1930. The architecture of the temple has some Siamese influence but is mostly based on Laos design. All in all, the temple contains more than 5,000 Buddha statues in various sizes and postures.
- **Wat Hor Prakeo:** was used as the royal chapel of the Lao Monarchy, but more importantly it was built to house the Emerald Buddha.
- **That Luang Stupa:** is a gold-covered large Buddhist stupa in the centre of Vientiane, Laos. Since its initial establishment, suggested to be in the 3rd century, the stupa has undergone several reconstructions as recently as the 1930s due to foreign invasions of the area. It is generally regarded as the most important national monument in Laos and a national symbol.
- **Patuxay:** is well known as Vientiane's own Arc de Triumph, a war monument dedicated to those who fought for the independence from France, located at the end of Lang Xang avenue, in the heart of Vientiane.
- **Central Market:** called '*Morning Market*' where you can find the antique items for collection, well handmade textile and gift away items.
- **National Museum:** the former Royal Palace which houses the collection of valuables including the famous Prabang Buddha statue, gifts received from foreign dignitaries.
- **Night Bazaar Street:** where you can find the lovely collection and handmade textile by local and hill tribe people surrounding Luang Prabang
- **KuangSi Waterfall:** is the biggest in the Luang Prabang area with three tiers leading to a 50-metre drop into spectacular azure pools before flowing downstream.

