

# 6 Days Seoul & Gyeongju

Valid Till : 31 Dec 2017

[Tour Code : 2017SEGJ65]

Date	Itinerary
Day 1	<p>&gt;Arrival at Incheon International Airport</p> <p><b>Namsangol Hanok Village</b> Namsangol Hanok Village is located between the tall buildings in the middle of a normal city scene by Exits 3 and 4 of Chungmuro Subway Station. This village has five restored traditional Korean houses, a pavilion, a pond and a time capsule as well, making it a perfect spot to take a leisure walk.</p> <p><b>Buk Ak Skyway</b> The road offers lovely views of Bukhansan Mountain's Bibong Peak and Munsubong Peak on one side and Namsan Mountain on the other side. Trees line the roadside and different flowers bloom each season. The skyway leads to an octagonal pavilion at the top called Palgakjeong, where visitors can get a panoramic view of the city, take photos, and have a meal or coffee while enjoying the scenery.</p>
Day 2 [B,L,D]	<p><b>Transfer to Gyeongju</b></p> <p><b>Daereungwon Tomb Complex</b> Large ancient tombs of kings and nobles of the Silla Kingdom can be seen around Gyeongju at the Daereungwon Tomb Complex (Cheonmachong Tomb). There are twenty-three large tombs located here; the most famous being Cheonmachong and Hwangnamdaechong.</p> <p><b>Cheomseongdae Observatory</b> Cheomseongdae is the oldest existing astronomical observatory in Asia. Constructed during the reign of Queen Seon-deok (632-647), it was used for observing the stars in order to forecast the weather. This stone structure is a beautiful combination of straight lines and curves, and was designated as National Treasure No.31 on December 20th, 1962.</p>
Day 3 [B,L,D]	<p><b>Bulguksa Temple [UNESCO World Heritage]</b> Bulguksa Temple was built in 528 during the Silla Kingdom, in the 15th year of King Beop-Heung's reign (514-540). The temple was originally called 'Hwaeom Bulguksa Temple' or 'Beopryusa Temple' and was rebuilt by Kim Dae-Seong (700-774), who started rebuilding the temple in 751 during the reign of King Gyeong-Deok (r. 742-765) and completed it in 774 during the reign of King Hye-Gong (r. 765-780). Upon completion, the temple's name was changed to Bulguksa.</p> <p><b>Seokguram Grotto [UNESCO World Heritage]</b> Seokguram, located on Tohamsan Mountain, is the representative stone temple of Korea. The official name of Seokguram, National Treasure No. 24, is Seokguram Seokgul. Designated as a World Cultural Heritage Site by UNESCO in 1995, it is an artificial stone temple made of granite. The construction was started by Kim Dae-Seong (700-774) in 751 during the reign of King Gyeong-Deok (742-765) of the Silla Kingdom (57 BC - AD 935) and it was finished twenty-four years later in 774, during the reign of King Hye-Gong (765-780).</p> <p><b>Gyeongju National Museum</b> Gyeongju National Museum is steeped in tradition. Representing Gyeongju, which was the capital city of the Silla Kingdom (57 BC - AD 935), the museum is where you can view the cultural history of Gyeongju district. Exhibitions are divided into 4 large areas: the Main hall, Annex I, Annex II, and the Outdoor Exhibit Area (Museum Grounds).</p> <p><b>Yangdong Village [UNESCO World Heritage]</b> Gyeongju Yangdong Village is Korea's largest traditional village, showcasing the traditional culture of the Joseon Dynasty and the beautiful natural surroundings. Thanks to its many cultural heritages, including treasures, national treasures, and folklore materials, the entire village has been designated as a cultural heritage site. Many people have visited this village to see its wealth of cultural heritages and scenic surroundings. Charles, Prince of Wales, visited this village in 1993.</p>
Day 4 [B,L,D]	<p><b>Transfer to Seoul</b></p> <p><b>Insadong Cultural Street</b> Insa-dong, located in the heart of the city, is an important place where old but precious and traditional goods are on display. There is one main road in Insa-dong with alleys on each side. Within these alleys are galleries and traditional restaurants, teahouses, and cafes.</p>

	<p><b>BIBAP Show</b> Bibap is a nonverbal performance based on the Korean representative dish, bibimbap (rice mixed with vegetables and beef). As a nonverbal performance, the actors mimic the sound of making bibimbap with beat-boxing and a cappella, demonstration of motions through b-boying, and acrobatics and martial arts. received at food conferences as well as global venues like the 2010 Edinburgh Festival Fringe.</p> <p><b>Chungaechun Stream</b> Until it was restored in 2005, Cheonggyecheon Stream existed only as a neglected waterway hidden by an overpass. Today, it has been transformed into a haven of natural beauty amidst the bustle of city life.</p>
Day 5 [B,L,D]	<p><b>Deoksu Palace (Deoksugung)</b> Located at the corner of Seoul's busiest downtown intersection, Deoksugung Palace is famous for its elegant stone-wall road. It is also the only palace that sits alongside a series of western style buildings that add to the uniqueness of the surrounding scenery.</p> <p><b>Ginseng Showroom &amp; Amethyst Factory</b></p> <p><b>Seaweed Museum with Hanbok Traditional Costume Experience</b></p> <p><b>Tongin Market with Traditional Coins worth KRW 5,000</b> Tongin Market consists of 75 stores, most of which are restaurants and grocery stores. People can use traditional coins to buy goods.</p> <p><b>Duty Free</b></p> <p><b>Myeongdong</b> Many brand name shops and department stores line the streets and alleys. Common products for sale include clothes, shoes, and accessories. Unlike Namdaemun or Dongdaemun, many designer brands are sold in Myeong-dong.</p>
Day 6 [B]	<p><b>Local Product Grocery Store</b></p> <p><a href="#">&gt;Departure at Incheon International Airport</a></p>

CLASS	SEOUL	GYEONGJU
★ ★ ★	Benikea M Hotel	The K
★ ★ ★ ★	Aventree Hotel	Comodo
★ ★ ★ ★ ★	Seoul Palace	-

Hotels can be changed depends on its availability upon booking.

Inclusive	Exclusive
<u>English or Mandarin Speaking Guide</u> Private Transportation Full Board Meals (Day 2,3,4 & 5) Hotel Breakfast (Day 2,3,4,5 & 6)	International / Domestic Air Fare and Tax Guide Tips (Interpreter) & Driver Tips (Guideline : USD 5.00/per day/per person) Any other personal expenses

Halal Meals	Domestic Flight
Additional USD 11/per Meal/per Person	Not Included

Countryside in Korea may not have Halal restaurants.

Vegetarian, Indian food, or Seafood is available.

Halal Certificate Meals may have additional cost due to its high price in Korea.

Type of Transportation	2-6 pax	7-12 pax	13-40 pax
		12 Seater	25 Seater

\* No. of passengers are calculated including spaces for all luggage.

Information	
<p>&gt; <b>Basic Information</b></p> <p>* Below itinerary schedules can be changed or cancelled according to local circumstances</p> <p>* High seasons may cause the increase in tour rate and hotel price</p> <p>* <b>Unexpected event may increase the hotel rate.</b></p> <p>* High Seasons : National Holidays, Christmas Season, New Year's Holiday, Chinese New Year's Holiday, Ski Seasons, etc.</p> <p>* Chinese New Year Season (27<sup>th</sup> of January ~ 30<sup>th</sup> of January, 2017)</p> <p>* Summer Peak Season (1<sup>st</sup> of July ~ 31<sup>st</sup> of August, 2017)</p> <p>* Korean Thanksgiving Day Season (29<sup>th</sup> of September ~ 8<sup>th</sup> of October, 2017)</p> <p>* Winter Peak Season (11<sup>th</sup> of December, 2017 ~ 16<sup>th</sup> of January, 2018)</p> <p>* Winter Olympic Games Season (1<sup>st</sup> of Feb ~ 1<sup>st</sup> of Mar, 2018)</p> <p>&gt; <b>Child Fare : Under 8 Years Old</b></p> <p>* Child with Twin Bed : 100% of Adult Fare</p> <p>* Child with Extra Bed : 90% of Adult Fare</p> <p>* Child without Bed : 65% of Adult Fare</p> <p>Percentage can change depends on its hotel class.</p>	

FIT	4	6	8	10
★ ★ ★	1,193	956	947	854
★ ★ ★ ★	1,295	1,058	1,049	956
★ ★ ★ ★ ★	1,543	1,305	1,297	1,203
<b>GIT</b>	15	20	25	Single Sup.
★ ★ ★	805	715	661	319
★ ★ ★ ★	920	827	772	419
★ ★ ★ ★ ★	1,201	1,100	1,039	669

All Rates are based on Twin Sharing – USD per Person.

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