

One Day Macau Coach Sightseeing Tour from Shenzhen with Ferry

Valid Till : Dec 2018

Duration: 8 hours

Situated at the Pearl River Delta, Macau have been baptized in European civilization for about 400 years. The coexistence of eastern and western culture makes Macau a distinctive city. Oodles of historical relics remain and some even still functions well.

Pick-up location: Tour counter in room 1015, arrival hall, Macau Outer Harbour Ferry Terminal

Plickup time: 10:00AM



Day 01 Macau day tour

Detailed Itinerary:

8:45AM: Take a ferry to Macau. Make your own way to the Shekou ferry terminal in Shenzhen. One-way ferry ticket from Shenzhen to Macau is included, which should be reserved in advance. After the scenic ferry ride for about 1 hour, disembark in Macau Outer Harbor Ferry Terminal at 9:45AM. Your tour guide will meet you at Room 1015 when Arrivals, and then start your exciting Macau day tour!

The day tour begins at visiting the ornate **Temple of A-Ma**, then continues on to the **Ruins of St Paul's**, the **Old City Walls** and the **Mount Fortress**. **Buffet lunch** will be provided at 4-star Rio Hotel, then **Macau Tower** (admission at own expense) and that will end the day.

4:00PM: Transferred to your hotel in Macau, or you can choose to be dropped off at Macau Ferry Terminal and arrange your way back to Shenzhen or trip to Hong Kong.

Details of Attractions:

Temple of A-Ma (UNESCO HERITAGE)

Matsu, goddess of the sea, is the faith of people in coastal Chinese area. People tend to worship Matsu for safety before voyage. Temple of A-Ma was built in Ming Dynasty(the year of 1488), dating back to 500 years ago.

Ruins of St Paul's (UNESCO HERITAGE)

Ruins of St Paul's was the mother church of Catholicism in Macau, built in year of 1637. Its architectural style blends features of architecture of European Renaissance and the Oriental, with fine carvings and palatial outlook. The church relatively gone through fire for 3 times, only the main entrance was left in the last time, which witnessing the twists and turns of regression of Macau.

Old City Walls (UNESCO HERITAGE)

This surviving segment of City Wall was built in 1569. It is a remnant of an early Portuguese tradition of constructing defensive walls around their port settlements. It was enlisted as a World Heritage in 2005.

Mount Fortress (UNESCO HERITAGE)

The fortress was principal military defense structure in Macau, built in conjunction with the Jesuits from 1617 to 1626. The fortress covers an area of 10,000 square metres and is in the shape of a trapezoid. It has become a UNESCO World Heritage Site in 2005.

